

EX-SENATOR CONNESS.

STIRRING REASONS WHY HE IS NOT AN INDEPENDENT,

And Equally Forcible Reasons Why He Cannot Support Cleveland, But will Harrison.

A. J. Conness,
Chairman Executive Committee, Independents, 1884.

FIVE PER CENT. REDUCTION.

Mr. Blaine Considers It, and Asks Some Very Hard Questions.

In his recent speech at Indianapolis, Mr. Blaine devoted himself to show the fallacy of Mills' figures wherein he claimed that his bill reduces the tariff by five per cent. What does Mills mean, he asks? "In the first place, he strips every article of protection, and tell them he has reduced them only five per cent. Will he tell us this to the lumber manufacturers who have cut down their prices in half? or if a water-snake who she cuts off, drops into the water in an instant. Premising that I was taught from my earliest recollections to regard serpents as not only harmless and useful, but beautiful (all save the rattle), I will briefly narrate the incidents as follows:

9 TERCENT PLACE.

BOSTON, MASS., Sept. 11, 1888.]

Dear Sir: Your letter has been despatched to ask for an expression of Presidential preferences, from those who were active and prominent Independents in 1884. I am sorry to say that I have no time to do so now. I will, however, be pleased to support Grover Cleveland for the Presidency, and will be publically quoted as in favor of his re-election, will you kindly send me a reply at once?

If not in favor of the re-election of Cleveland, will you give me any objections to stating your reasons in full? Very truly yours,

A. J. C. Sowden,
Chairman Executive Committee, Massachusetts Independents.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 11, 1888.]

My Dear Sir: Your circular asking for my preference of the candidates for the Presidency has been received before this time, but it perhaps not too late to answer your courteous request. The circular is addressed to me as one who voted for Grover Cleveland in 1884, and, if not favoring his election now, you will have any objection to stating my reasons, for my view, there are many, but I will state only a few of them, and such as seem to be consequential.

There is every objection by Republicans to the candidate of 1884, has been disposed of in the candidacy of Benjamin Harrison of No better man than he has appeared in our politics.

He is not a politician, but a pure man, the man of whose heart is open to the country. In less than one respect it exceeds that of his opponent. During the war of the rebellion, while the one was snug at home, not even burdened with care, the other had put his life in issue that might contribute to be a nation, and, surely, there was no little merit in that.

In a speech that Cleveland made in 1884, that his action would take the alleged pleasure from the people of the South, and with it the "solid South" might or would become a thing of the past, and the South, as a consumption, devote itself to be wise. But, during nearly four years, during which time the South has become a potent force in the administration of the Government, there are no differences upon the subject which divide the people of the Northern States.

There is one undivided "solid South," without the pretense that a single electoral vote will be cast there for the candidate of the Democratic party. It goes without saying, as a consumption, that most of the States of the South, solidified upon sectional feelings, voters must vote the Democratic ticket or not vote at all. Even the people of the Northern States, who have given preference to men of the Southern States, and not always judiciously. The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, and the man and his office, have employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that wanted the privilege of whipping another man to make him work for nothing and pay him with lashes on his naked back was a Democrat. Every man that starved Union soldiers, refusing them a crust in the extremity of death, was a Democrat. Every man that has made himself fully acquainted with the methods of fruit-growing and fruit-preparing practiced in southern Europe, has been educated that he was a Democrat.

"Every man that wanted to redeem the slaves, and who swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that wanted to be a master, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme Court, is a discredit to Mr. Cleveland. If Justice on the Supreme Bench, there were many from whom he might have chosen who would have been unquestionable.

The leading Law Office is filled by one who commanded rebel forces, has employed his powers to burn and shoot Union soldiers simply because they were trying to enforce the laws of their country.

"Every man that cursed Lincoln because he issued that edict which gave the slaves their freedom, and the great majority of the slaves, leaving from their homes to another, would clutch children from the breasts of shrieking, shuddering, crouching mothers and sold them into slavery was a Democrat.

"Every man that swore he would pay the South, and with it the solid South, never redeems the blackbirds, every man that was a Democrat.

"Every man that helped to elect might classify the North as a just and courageous word in condemnation of fraud and force in the elections at the South, but no such word has been spoken.

In this connection, also, and upon general principles, the selection of the late Secretary of Interior, and his subsequent promotion to be a Justice of the Supreme

DAILY RECORD-UNION

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1888

The Record-Union is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco, it has no competitor, in point of news, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCIES.

This paper is for sale at the following places: P. Wissner, No. 67 Market street; George A. Adams, 115 Market street; C. H. Clegg, the principal News stands and Hotels, and at Market-street Ferry.

Also, for all Trains leaving and coming into Sacramento.

The London "Times," having a letter from President Cleveland in its possession, after quoting passages from it, editorially says: "It would hardly be possible to put the free trade case more clearly or more strongly. The arguments which Cleveland uses are those which Cobden used to employ forty-five years ago, and which any English free-trader would employ now. They are purely free-trade arguments, and as such we are glad to see Cleveland using them, though sorry for the popular infatuation which makes it dangerous to give them their right name."

We know that Irishmen have many a time in the struggle of their native land, and in our fight in America for constitutional government, thrown themselves upon the bayonet of the enemies of liberty with recklessness. It is gratifying to know that they can also make a quiet but undying resistance to oppression by parliamentary methods.—General Harrison at the O'Connor Banquet.

We are here simply to say that, in our opinion as American citizens, what Ireland needs is not coercion, is not the Constable, is not the soldier with musket and bayonet; but liberal laws, tending to emancipate her people from the results of long centuries of ill government.—General Harrison at the Indianapolis meeting for Irish Home Rule, April, 1888.

I unite with you as an American citizen in the expression of the hope that we shall soon witness the adoption of such measures as will win the Irish heart, and give to the helpless and poverty-stricken in the land of their fathers contentment and prosperity.—General Harrison, April 8, 1888.

Because it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is mainly due to its system of protective laws I urge that Germany has now reached that point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States.—Prince Bismarck's Speech to the German Reichstag.

I would rather be William O'Brien in Tullamore jail, a martyr to free speech than the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland in Dublin Castle.—General Harrison at the reception of Esmond and O'Connor, Indianapolis, December 5, 1887.

"Grover Cleveland has done more to advance the cause of free trade than any Prime Minister of England has ever done."—London Spectator.

"The only benefit England ever receives from Irishmen is when they emigrate to America and vote for free trade."—London Sunday Times.

"The demand for cheaper coats seems to me necessarily to involve a cheaper man and woman under the coat."—Benjamin Harrison.

THE TWO GRADYS.

We entertain sympathy for Senator Thomas F. Brady of New York. He was sent out to California in the midst of his opposition to Grover Cleveland four years ago to aid the new Democratic campaign in a section where it was supposed, the ghost of 1884 would not rise up to confront him. His managers were ill-advised, however, for the echo of his vigorous opposition to Grover Cleveland, four years ago, lured him as he stumps about California, and draws all the apologetic explanations he will advance. No matter where Mr. Brady appears some one pulls a soap-book upon the unfortunate orator, and confronts the Brady of 1888 with the Brady of 1884.

Thus, in Sacramento, he was brought face to face with his opposition to the Tammany resolution of September, 1884, endorsing Cleveland. In that great and stormy meeting in Tammany Hall Mr. Brady warned the Democracy that his protest against the support proffered Grover Cleveland "would be vindicated by the experience the party would gain." And has it not? He was nominated to please a small corps of radical reformers, whose he had already betrayed in his desertion of civil service reform. It was Mr. Brady who warned the Democracy: "Take heed, he has deceived you once; the fault is his. Let him deceive you again, and the fault will be yours." And both Whigwamp and Democrat have found the warning to be prophetic.

We cannot afford to repeat the coarse personal assault of Mr. Brady upon Mr. Cleveland, based upon a charge of greed that led him to despise a noble profession for the spoils of an office of the lower level. Nor are we disposed to reiterate the indictment drawn against Mr. Cleveland by the order of Brady of 1884 for desecration of the cause of the workingmen when he refused to put one of their number into the Bureau of Labor Statistics nor for the scaring off of 1884 gave the Presidential candidate of that year the lead in the high office of Governor to dubious in the local contests of a legislative district, and punish those who dared to differ with him.

But one portion of Mr. Brady's charge, made at that time, and upon which the Mr. Brady of 1888 is dead silent, has such application now that we cannot refrain from reproducing it. In charging that Mr. Cleveland abused the executive office by dragging it into a local contest to defeat a candidate disagreeable to Mr. Cleveland, the Brady of 1884 charged him also with a breach of the promise made in his letter of

Publ. papers are the servants and agents of the people, to execute laws which the people have made and within the limits of a Constitution which they have established. Hence the State or Federal, or any other, for the purpose of thwarting or controlling the popular wish, should be told so.

"Now," said Mr. Brady, "can such indignity to his pledges plead for a more extended trust in his honesty?" Can the Governor who would stoop to interfere with a Senatorial contest, be trusted to abstain as President from all invasion of the local affairs of State?" Mr. Brady's question of that hour has been answered all along the line from 1885 to this date, by Grover Cleveland of Washington. Professing regard for the purity and elevation of

the civil service, and pledging himself solemnly in his letter to George Willard Curtis and in his letter of acceptance to faithful execution, and to the extension and broadening of the civil service reform laws, he fell away from the pledge before his term had seen four full seasons. In mercy to himself he yielded to the clamor of the spoilsmen, and placed the wounded body of the reform an unwilling sacrifice upon the altar of merciless partisanship; an offering to the vicious doctrine that "to the victors belong the spoils."

Mr. Brady was indeed a prophet in 1884. Grover Cleveland has become utterly blind to the "offensive partisanship" that stirred his soul in the maiden days of his term, and has turned the grand army of place-finders loose upon the country to do their worst or best in serving, not so much the people of the nation who feed them, as the party bosses who determine their coming in and ordain the time of their going out.

It is common for the Democrats to deny that theirs is a free-trade policy. Recently they have become exceedingly irritable upon this subject, and they vehemently iterate that they are not free-traders; that neither the Mills bill nor Grover Cleveland's December message mean free trade. There is before us now a protest from a gentleman of intelligence and character, who is an ardent Democrat, against the Recon-Union's charge that the Mills bill means free trade. "Why," he exclaims, "will you not be fair?" Here is Mr. Brice, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, doing your General Harrison the justice of accepting his protest as true. This is fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

Grover Cleveland disclaims intent, and we have never declined to give him the benefit of that disclaimer, though it involves confession of intellectual incapacity, we deny his claim of right to say for us what the result of his preaching and teaching will be. Of that every American citizen must judge for himself. We prefer to Mr. Cleveland's the judgment of the Glasgow Herald, which echoes the expressions of scores of its contemporaries:

President Cleveland does not know himself, or evidently does not regard himself as a free-trader. He is a man of the right in the right or in the wrong, he cannot help adopting free-trade arguments and bolstering up his party's propaganda. Take, for example, his argument against the wool tariff, that the farming class lose vastly more by the enhanced price of wool. This reads like an extract from some old speech of Mr. Bright's, and it is not surprising that it has been repeated by him. "It is a condition of free trade that there be no tariff." With this he has been most successful, and it has been used with enormous effect in the country. General Harrison protesting that he is a free-trader, and yet you refuse to do him the justice of accepting his protest as true. Is this fair play?

We reply: Yes, it is fair play. While

DAILY RECORD-UNION

PUBLISHED BY THE
SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY
Publication Office, Third st., bet J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION
is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheets on Saturdays.

For six months \$10.
For three months 2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at Fifteen cents per month. The paper can be had at the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsagents and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION
the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast. One Year 50.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arranging for the Rally.

There was a meeting last evening of the General Executive Committee for the Republican demonstration on the 31st, and marked progress in arrangements was reported. Reports were received from various interior points promising attendance of clubs and delegations, and showed

the selection of a Grand Marshal for the demonstration was considered, and H. Hubbard was chosen by unanimous vote.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed. On Street nations.

The extended discussion of details to be carried out at the meetings and parades, the committee adjourned to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

Baseball To-morrow.

The Laramons and Brightons play the fourth-round game at Snowflake Park to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The following are the positions:

NAME	POSITION	LARAMONS		BRIGHTONS	
		SHIPS	HOME RUNS	SHIPS	HOME RUNS
Altas	Short stop.	1	1	1	4
Hinks	First base.	2	1	2	2
Lavenson	Second base.	1	1	2	2
Brightons	Third base.	1	1	1	1
Gaines	Catcher.	2	2	3	4
Baker	Right field.				
	Center field.				
	Left field.				
	Cameras				

The Banks of Woodward and the Altas of this club will be out for the championship, and a close race for the championship may be expected. All the clubs will put forth their best efforts and the clubs who have fought hard for the honors. Below is the standing:

NAME	SHIPS	HOME RUNS	WINS	LOSSES	PER CENT.
Altas	2	1	1	4	46.66
Hinks	2	1	2	2	40.00
Lavenson	1	1	2	2	33.33
Brightons	1	1	1	1	50.00
Gaines	2	2	3	4	33.33

A Shaking Accident.

A frightened child, about two years old, received a slight blow on the head, and was sent to the eye of a young son of Charles A. Mayfield, cashier of the Huntington-Hopkins Company.

Just before dark young Mayfield was riding in a car with another boy at Twenty-ninth and I street. They had some walnuts in the back of the car, and when he was about to throw them out, he got them out with his hands, and they fell out. As he did so, he heard a sharp noise, and turned around to see what it was. He then saw that the walnuts had been smashed in a horrible manner. The fool was then in a great hurry, and he probably thought it was the limb of some animal. The other boy got the injured boy on the sidewalk, and the first man met Dr. D. W. Ryan, who accompanied him to where the boy lay and assisted in getting him to the hospital. The family physician was then called, and it was found that the boy was too bad to alleviate the suffering of the unfortunate boy.

Caught the Last Boat.

About a year ago an old Chinaman, who had been a sailor for many years, announced to his patrons that he was going back to China to look after his wife, who had not seen her for fifteen years. He said he had made some money, and would go back and stay there a few days, and then return to this country. A few days ago he was again patronized to his family that he did not return. It was then discovered that he had probably got ship out by the Restriction Act. Last evening, however, he had a good time with his wife, and the door of his room was opened there stood Al. Soon clad in his best clothes, and his face wreathed with a smile. "Why, soon I thought you had been shot by the Restriction Act." The Celestial grimed all over, as no one could guess what was the cause of his sudden return.

Police Court Notes.

In the Police Court, yesterday morning, Mr. Oom, convicted of selling lottery tickets, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$10, or go to jail for ten days.

In the cases of Wong Soon and Jim Gee, charged with selling lottery tickets, and which former was discharged and the latter adjudged to be guilty. He will be sentenced to-day.

Chinaman, who was keeping a disorderly house on K street, between Ninth and Tenth--was dismissed, she having closed up.

The case of Wm. Blunt, charged with perjury, was continued until to-day.

Chinaman, who was a partner in a restaurant on N. L. Lewis, on a charge of grand larceny, was condemned and con-

tinued until to-day.

Canada for Cleveland.

F. McMillan, of Antelope, returned a few days since from an extended visit to different parts of the country. He reports that he is looking through the papers on Presidential election in this country. He says that the people there believe that the election of Cleveland means free trade, and that it will be a great benefit to the country. He also says that he will be here about eight cents a day, and that there are no young men in the country. They all come to the city to get work.

The case of Wm. Blunt, charged with perjury, was continued until to-day.

Action, sales.

At 2 p. m. to-day, W. H. Sherburn will sell at auction at the stable, corner of J and Eleventh streets, sixteen feet of board and Eleventh street, six feet of board and J street, for various ages.

At the opening of the saleroom, No. 927 K street, W. M. today, Bell & Clegg will sell the auction the following day, the contents of the Potlatch Combination Salt Fence Machine, and also a number of immediately afterwards a Jersey cow, piano, organ, furniture, carpets, sedges, doors, etc.

A Foolish Escape.

A prisoner named Andromene Lufulava, who was serving a fifteen-year sentence at the Folsom State Prison, escaped from that institution on Wednesday night last. He had been serving his time at the State Prison, and had only been in the State Prison for two weeks. His escape came as a result of his being a

foolish escapee.

The signal service reports of yesterday show a cold wave east of the Rocky mountains, it being 16° below the freezing point at Cheyenne, Wyo. The average temperature at Sacramento yesterday was 62°, being the same as the north. The temperature at San Francisco and Los Angeles was 80° and 40°, with light southwest winds and clear weather and rising barometer. The temperature at 3 a. m. was 49° 12' M., 70° 5' P.

Meeting To-Night.

United States Senator William M. Stewart, of Nevada, will address the citizens of Sacramento on the 21st at the Clunie Opera House on the issues of the campaign. Mr. Stewart has been in the Senate, and has been a member of the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.

Proposals Called For.

In another column S. P. Martin, Secretary of the State Board of Examiners, advertises for bids for furnishing stationery and blank books, coal and wood.

GRAND OPENING.—The Moynihan's will at 2 o'clock this afternoon open up their new candy department, the rooms are the finest to be seen anywhere. The rooms are the most noticeable features, aside from the excellent quality of the candies kept, the variety of the candies, the confections, the candies and other appointments. The walls are handsomely decorated and set with French plate mirrors. The public is invited to the opening.

Our sale of specials to-day includes gents' wear, ladies' shoes, job lot of men's shoes, men's suits and hats. See big ad. Red House.

French mince pies at Hahn's Fancy Bakery, 612 J street, Telephone, No. 84.

Get the portable steam saw to cut your wood. Office, 401 J street. It is cheapest.

To-day is our regular sale day. Attend it at Red House.

SUPERVISORS EXONERATED.

JUDGE VAN FLEET READERS JUDGEMENT IN THEIR FAVOR.

The Validity of the Act Can Only be Determined by a Civil Action to Recover Excess of Salary.

In Department Two of the Superior Court, Judge Van Fleet and Van Fleet rendered the following decision in the case of Stained M. Johnston vs. George McMillen:

This is a proceeding of a *quasi criminal* character instituted by plaintiff, as an informer, against defendant, to remove the latter from the office of Supervisor of this county upon the ground that he has violated his duty.

He is accused of having been guilty of a violation of the law in that he has accepted a salary of \$37 a month, while he was serving as Supervisor.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheets on Saturdays.

For six months \$10.

For three months 2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at Fifteen cents per month. The paper can be had at the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsagents and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast. One Year 50.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arranging for the Rally.

There was a meeting last evening of the General Executive Committee for the Republican demonstration on the 31st, and marked progress in arrangements was reported. Reports were received from various interior points promising attendance of clubs and delegations, and showed

the selection of a Grand Marshal for the demonstration was considered, and H. Hubbard was chosen by unanimous vote.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheets on Saturdays.

For six months \$10.

For three months 2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at Fifteen cents per month. The paper can be had at the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsagents and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast. One Year 50.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arranging for the Rally.

There was a meeting last evening of the General Executive Committee for the Republican demonstration on the 31st, and marked progress in arrangements was reported. Reports were received from various interior points promising attendance of clubs and delegations, and showed

the selection of a Grand Marshal for the demonstration was considered, and H. Hubbard was chosen by unanimous vote.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheets on Saturdays.

For six months \$10.

For three months 2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at Fifteen cents per month. The paper can be had at the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsagents and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast. One Year 50.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arranging for the Rally.

There was a meeting last evening of the General Executive Committee for the Republican demonstration on the 31st, and marked progress in arrangements was reported. Reports were received from various interior points promising attendance of clubs and delegations, and showed

the selection of a Grand Marshal for the demonstration was considered, and H. Hubbard was chosen by unanimous vote.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheets on Saturdays.

For six months \$10.

For three months 2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at Fifteen cents per month. The paper can be had at the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsagents and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast. One Year 50.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Arranging for the Rally.

There was a meeting last evening of the General Executive Committee for the Republican demonstration on the 31st, and marked progress in arrangements was reported. Reports were received from various interior points promising attendance of clubs and delegations, and showed

the selection of a Grand Marshal for the demonstration was considered, and H. Hubbard was chosen by unanimous vote.

A Committee on Parades, of R. B. Hamon, A. V. Vough, E. B. Hussey, a fourth member to be selected, was appointed to meet next Monday evening at Republican headquarters.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

BETTER THINGS.

Better to smell the violet cool than sip the glowing wine.
Better to have a hidden brook than watch a diamond shine.
Better the love of a gentle heart than beauty's favor prou'd.
Better the rose's living seed than roses in all day.
Better the fountain in the heart than the fountain of the way.
Better be fed by a mother's hand than eat at one's will.
Better to trust in God than say, "My goods, my storehouse full."
Better a little wise than in knowledge abroad.
Better to teach a child than tell all pretensions round.
Better to sit at a master's feet than thrill a life.
Better suspect that thou art prou'd than be sure that thou art great.
Better to walk the real unseen than watch the air who shot.
Better the "Well done!" at the last, than the noon-day burning bright.
Better a death when work is done than earth's death.
Better a child in its great house than the King of all the earth."—George McDonald.

RIVAL LOVERS.

"Now that we understand each other, let us shake hands and be friends."

"That's it."

Their hands met in a firm grasp.

They looked into each other's faces, one with a merry twinkle in his eye and a broad smile over his jovial features; the other, with a glance long drawn out, grave and solemn, that cast a shadow of gloom on everything about the scene.

"You'll do your best, and I'll do my best. That's what we've agreed on, ain't it, Zip Tirkins?"

"That's it, Ben Button, and whichever of us wins, the other shall bear no ill-will."

"Just so, Zip."

"And everything except murder shall be counted fair."

"Eh?"

"And murder, too, if you are willing to take the consequences."

"So I should have run out of the way right here, smothered Zip without seeming to notice the interruption and drawing a small pistol out of his boot leg, sent him, 'and it would never be found out on me why, it would be all right?'

"But, Zip, say—"

"Or if it were found out," Zip still continued, drawing his pistol higher and higher till it pointed under Ben's breast, "and I were willing to take the risk to get clear, which thing I am ready to do, why that, too, would be all right."

"Hello, Ben! where are you going?" shouted Zip, as the former turned and ran down the road at what seemed to be almost breakneck speed, frequently casting scared glances behind him.

Ben, however, did not stop to answer, but kept straight on until he was lost to sight in a bend in the road, while Zip, bending almost double with laughter, sent peal after peal of merriment ringing out on the balmy evening air.

"Oh, the chicken in Christendom, Ben, after taking the world!" cried Zip, a broad grin on his face, as he also turned and walked away.

Zip Tirkins, full of fun, fun and frolic, had for the last few weeks been playing rascal to Ben Button in the affections of Melinda Pratt.

Ben was seriously in love with Melinda, and Zip, however, unless he was driving over that he was, had never a thought that reached into the future for an hour.

Ben and Zip had met in the road accidentally. Ben was on his way to the Pratt homestead to lay further siege to Melinda's heart.

For several days Ben had had but one thought, that was how to get rid of Zip as a rascal. So, when his heart Zip pleaded from the fullness of his heart and in the most persuasive language he could command, that Zip would relinquish all claim to Melinda's heart and hand.

Zip, in pure fun, feigned love also, and as such had made the most of it, as has been seen.

Ben, with regularity, spent two evenings of the week at the Pratt domicile. With Melinda he made very slow, if any progress to favor; with Mrs. Pratt, however, his golden opinions and stood high in grace.

Since the compact between Ben and Zip, the latter had visited Melinda, but once, and then she had, in a very shy and sweet, upbraided him for having tried to take the life of her constant admirer, Ben Button.

"And wouldn't it break your heart, Melinda, if he were to die?" asked Zip, with an eager undertone in his voice, watching her face closely.

"It would—almost—of course, if—but, Zip, you have no right to ask such questions," she answered, looking up shyly and blushing.

"Well, you needn't be uneasy about him, I wouldn't hurt Ben Button by a single thought or word, much less take his life," replied Zip, with an earnestness unusual with him.

"I was only joking, Zip. But you seem to be awfully in earnest and solemn this evening. What is ailing you, anyway?"

"Nothing much, only I have made up my mind to go away," answered Zip, looking aside.

"Go away."

"Yes, Melinda."

"Where are you going?"

"Anywhere. It makes no difference, so I get along."

"And isn't you coming back?"

"Some day, maybe, if I ever get to be of any account to myself or anybody else."

"You are of some account now, Zip, and you had better stay right where you are."

"No; I've made up my mind to go, and I am sure it is the last thing that could happen to us all around, so I'll stick to it," said Zip, resolutely.

Melinda was looking out of the window.

When she saw a man coming up the lane toward the house, and recognized in the comber Ben Button, a shadow of annoy-

and fidgeted in his seat.

Zip had been watching Melinda, and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de- part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that followed the introduction of the system into India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been seen after the most careful investigation of the system of the system, and of the probability of securing its favorable reception by native proprie-

ties. In order to carry out this object, some native Indian students, who have re-

ceived their education at the Cirencester Agricultural College, are now undergoing instruction in the various departments of the system, and will shortly be sent to stations in India, to disseminate the vaccine, which is applied to elephants as well as to oxen and other beasts.

Zip had been watching Melinda, and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because he thinks I am going to marry that hateful Ben Button, and is jealous. But I can't make him, and I won't ask him to see him first."

The truth was a serious thought that had come to him at last. He had looked at himself as he was, in love, and knew it well.

He had expected that their labors will be attended with the same success that fol-

lowed the introduction of the system into

India, where no efficient remedy was known for this rapidly fatal illness, which annually carries off a large percentage of cattle of every kind.

The disease had been watching Melinda,

and when he saw the slight from on her face, he, too, glanced out, and seeing who was coming he rose to his feet ready to de-

part, saying, "I'll call in again before I leave, and tell you all good-by. Good evening."

Both men glanced reproachfully after the retreating Zip. There was a suspicion of tears in her eyes and a little quiver around her mouth as she murmured to herself.

"Fool Zip! He is going away because

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL (Absolutely Pure) ...	
GRANT'S (Alum Powder) ...	
RUMFORD'S, when fresh ...	
HANFORD'S, when fresh ...	
REDBHEAD'S ...	
CHARM (Alum Powder) ...	
AMAZON (Alum Powder) ...	
CLEVELAND'S (short wt.) ...	
PIONEER (San Francisco) ...	
CAZAR ...	
DR. PRICE'S ...	
SNOW FLAKE (Groff's) ...	
LEWIS' ...	
PEARL (Andrews & Co.) ...	
HECKER'S ...	
GILLET'S ...	
ANDREW'S & CO., "Regal" ...	
Milwaukee, (Gentleman Alum.)	
BULK (Powder sold loose) ...	
RUMFORD'S, when fresh ...	

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT OF JERKS.

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a mixture of tarter powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or sulfur or any injurious substances."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the market, and find it entirely free from alum, tarteral, ba, or any other injurious substances."

HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of the Materials Institute of Technology.

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder, the materials of which are absolutely pure and wholesome."

The Royal Baking Powder received the high

in Vienna World's Exposition 1873; at the

American Institute, New York, and at State Fair,

No other article of human food has ever re-

ceived such high eminence, and un-

dersigned endorsement of eminent che-

mists, scientists, and Boards of

Health all over the world.

NOTE.—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders. A pound each of such powder was taken, and each can be calculated, the result being as indicated by Prof. Scheeler only proves what every ordinary consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, the more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All our powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

Dress Goods! * * Dress Goods

We are showing this season a new and elegant line of DRESS SUITINGS, which deserve the inspection of every one interested in getting a handsome and durable suit for the coming winter. As for our prices, they speak for themselves.

11

* * LITTLE BOYS *

Can be clothed here cheaper than elsewhere, quality equal. Why? Because we wish to double our Boys' Clothing trade this Fall, and are making every concession in price to make customers. However, we do not wish the people to think for one moment that our clothing is in any way inferior to that of our competitors. We have it made ONLY BY THE BEST FACTORIES in the United States, who take a pride in their goods as well as we.

11

* * FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' STORE, *

E. S. ELKUS, Proprietor,
922 and 924 J street (opposite the Plaza).

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TWO INTERESTING SUBJECTS.

REV. A. C. BANE, THE NEW PASTOR OF THE Methodist Church South, on Seventh street between K and L, will preach two sermons for morning—Moral Light and Foghorn; for evening—Sacramento's Fatal Card Game, which will bear something original and practical from the pulpit especially intended.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA LEAGUE.

FOURTEENTH LEAGUE GAME.

LAVENSON'S OR BRICHTON'S SNOWFLAKE PARK.

Game called at 2 o'clock p.m.

GRAND OPENING!

Moynihan's

FINE CANDY, ICE CREAM

AND SODA PARLORS,

18 J street, between Fourth and Fifth.

This afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A CORDIAL INVITATION IS EXTENDED

TO the public to visit the handsomest confectionery and tea rooms on the coast.

—osm—

FREE CONCERTS,

—BY THE FAMOUS—

Wizard Oil Troupe!

Every night at 7:30 sharp, at least ten o'clock.

—osm—

When a Clergyman is a Coward.

A well-known clergyman the other

day: "My experience is that, as a rule,

clergymen are very cruel to a brother

clergyman who is under a cloud, just as

we are apt to be to a woman in trouble

and for dieing to class.

TO LET—FOUR ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN,

WITH bath and gas, at 711 H street.

—osm—

NICE FURNISHED ROOMS NEAR RAIL-

ROAD, suitable for men or girls;

would arrange room and care for

desire. Information given at 113 Twelfth

street, where are also desirable rooms.

—osm—

100 HEAD COWS FOR SALE, CALL

RAYMOND, address Flint & Raymond, Compton, Calif.

100 HEAD—NEW CATTLE; FIVE ROOMS,

PONY, CLOTHES, INQUIRIES AT 513 Thirteenth

street.

FOR SALE—A FINE HALL-BRED JERSEY

F. Gorham, good milker. Inquire of R. J. Burns, China Hall, 229 J street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL

Fifty-three-acre Ranch to sell

next close to Sacramento.

FOR SALE—CHEAP SMALL INVEST-

MENTS, no interest—One Stehway & Son's

second hand square piano, one grand piano,

one upright piano, Drinker piano, one upright Bechtel piano, one Hall and Rice Burdett organ, and Hall rice and bugling piano.

Sale to be made on account of removal. Apply

at 620 J street.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Sacramento, in the matter of GREENLEAF, Plaintiff in Error, vs. W. H. Ewen, Defendant, on a writ of habeas corpus, filed November 2d, 1888, at 10 o'clock A.M. of the Superior Court, at the City of Sacramento, County of Sacramento, and State of California, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, the papers for removing the will of said GREENLEAF, P. E. PAGE, deceased, and for hearing the application of MARY E. PAGE, his widow, for an injunction testamenteary thereto.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 10th day of October, A.D. 1888.

WM. B. HAMILTON, Clerk.

CATLIN & BLANCHARD, Attorneys for Plaintiff, etc.

etc.

CHILDREN'S CLASS

BEGINS TO-DAY (SATURDAY) AT 2 P.M.

FOR CHILDREN FROM THE EVENING SCHOOL.

All and Saturday afternoon pupils invited; also, all ex-

pecting to join classes.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

PARADES ENDING MONEY OR VALUE

bills by the Nicotian Stages will please send

it only by W. H. EWEN, and not by any of his

employees. If sent otherwise, it will be at the

W. H. EWEN.

THE FOLSOM PRISON.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE WARDEN ON ITS CONDITION.

Progress of the Work on the Great Dam—A Splendid Showing for the Year.

Folsom has submitted to the Board of State Prison Directors his annual report for the thirty-ninth fiscal year, showing in detail the operations of the year. The report contains much that is of special interest to Sacramentoans, and is as follows:

To the Honorable State Board of Justice, Sacramento, I submit herewith my annual report for the thirty-ninth fiscal year, showing in detail the operations of the year. The report contains much that is of special interest to Sacramentoans, and is as follows:

I am one of the young men of this state, where the youthful criminal, convicted for the first time, may be segregated from the older and more hardened犯人, and so made more amenable to reclaim him before vice has taken too deep root. That can never be done in our State prisons. We must have a system to do this.

The financial condition of the prison during the year is fully set forth in the report of the Warden, submitted herewith.

The Warden, by the Legislature

for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison.

I am pleased to inform you that the appropriation for the support of the Folsom Prison for the thirty-ninth and fortieth fiscal years was \$25,000, to be paid in the first year, and \$20,000 thereafter.

In addition to the appropriation for the year, we have received \$1,000, which we have used to pay the expenses of the State Prison